

1. Deferred Debt Arrangement - Regulations

Amendment of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013

3. In regulation 64 (special circumstances where revised actuarial valuations and certificates must be obtained)(1)—

(a) after paragraph (7) insert—

“(7A) An administering authority may enter into a written agreement with an exiting Scheme employer for that employer to defer their obligation to make an exit payment and continue to make contributions at the secondary rate (“a deferred debt agreement”).

(7B) An administering authority may enter into a deferred debt agreement with an exiting Scheme employer where—

- (a) the last active member in respect of that Scheme employer has left the Scheme;
- (b) the funding strategy mentioned in regulation 58 (funding strategy statements) has set out the administering authority’s policy on deferred debt agreements; and
- (c) the administering authority has—
 - (i) consulted the exiting Scheme employer; and
 - (ii) had regard to the views of an actuary appointed by the administering authority.

(7C) Where a deferred debt agreement has been entered into under paragraph (7A)—

- (a) the exiting employer becomes a deferred employer on the date specified in the agreement;
- (b) the deferred employer must—
 - (i) meet all requirements on Scheme employers except the requirement to pay the primary rate of contributions as determined under regulation 62(5) (actuarial valuations of pension funds); and
 - (ii) pay the secondary rate of contributions as determined under regulation 62(7) as revised from time to time following an actuarial valuation until the termination of the deferred debt agreement.

(7D) A deferred debt agreement must include express provision for it to remain in force for a specified period, which may be varied by agreement of the administering authority and the deferred employer.

(7E) A deferred debt agreement terminates on the first date on which one of the following events occurs—

- (a) the deferred employer enrolls new active members;
- (b) the period specified, or as varied, under paragraph (7D) elapses;
- (c) the take-over, amalgamation, insolvency, winding up or liquidation of the deferred employer;
- (d) the administering authority serves a notice on the deferred employer that the administering authority is reasonably satisfied that the deferred employer’s ability

to meet the contributions payable under the deferred debt arrangement has weakened materially or is likely to weaken materially in the next 12 months; or

(e) an actuary appointed by the administering authority assesses that the deferred employer has paid sufficient secondary contributions to cover the exit payment that would have been due under paragraph (1) if the employer had become an exiting employer on the calculation date.

(7F) Paragraph (7E)(c) does not apply where the administering authority serves a notice on the deferred employer that the administering authority is satisfied that the event would not be likely to significantly weaken the deferred employer's ability to meet the contributions payable under the deferred debt agreement in the next 12 months.

(7G) On the termination of a deferred debt agreement under paragraph (7E) a deferred employer becomes an exiting employer in relation to the relevant fund for the purposes of this regulation.”.

2. Flexibility in contribution rates

Amendment of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013

4. After regulation 64 (special circumstances where revised actuarial valuations and certificates must be obtained), insert—

“Revision of rates and adjustments certificate: Scheme employer contributions

64A. (1) An administering authority may obtain a revision of the rates and adjustments certificate under regulation 62 (actuarial valuations of pension funds) showing any resulting changes to the contributions of a Scheme employer or employers where—

(a) the funding strategy mentioned in regulation 58 (funding strategy statements) sets out the administering authority's policy on amending contributions between valuations; and

(b) one of the following conditions applies—

(i) it appears likely to the administering authority that the amount of the liabilities arising or likely to arise has changed significantly since the last valuation;

(ii) it appears likely to the administering authority that there has been a significant change in the ability of the Scheme employer or employers to meet the obligations of employers in the Scheme; or

(iii) a Scheme employer or employers have requested a review of Scheme employer contributions and have undertaken to meet the costs of that review.

(2) In revising the certificate, an administering authority must—

(a) consult the Scheme employer or employers; and

(b) have regard to the views of an actuary appointed by the administering authority.